

Brackenwood Junior School



PE

Long Term Plan

Yearly Overview

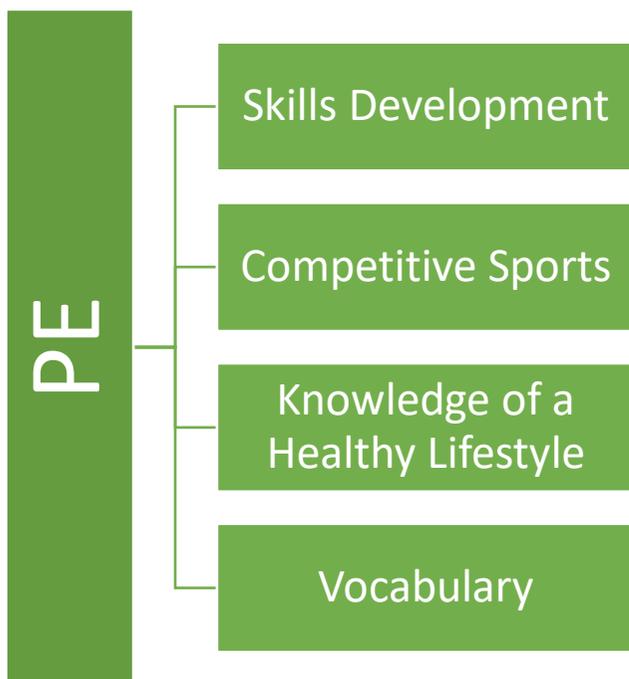
	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Year 3	Health Related Exercise Dance Gymnastics Invasion Games	Hockey Gymnastics Multiskills Games	Orienteering Net/Wall Games Athletics Striking and Fielding
Year 4	Health Related Exercise Dance Gymnastics Invasion Games	Handball Gymnastics Multiskills Games	Orienteering Net/Wall Games Athletics Striking and Fielding
Year 5	Health Related Exercise Dance Gymnastics Invasion Games	Football Gymnastics Multiskills Games	Orienteering Net/Wall Games Athletics Striking and Fielding
Year 6	Health Related Exercise Dance Gymnastics Invasion Games	Netball Gymnastics Multiskills Games	Orienteering Net/Wall Games Athletics Striking and Fielding



Physical Education

“Just play. Have fun. Enjoy the game.” – Michael Jordan

Our key driving themes are:



<p>Why should children learn this subject?</p>	<p>Physical Education develops children’s competence and confidence to take part in a range of physical activities that become a central part of their lives, both in and out of school.</p> <p>A high-quality PE curriculum enables all children to enjoy and succeed in many kinds of physical activity. They develop a wide range of skills and the ability to use tactics, strategies and compositional ideas to perform successfully. When they are performing, they think about what they are doing, they analyse the situation and make decisions. The benefits of Physical Education go beyond the academic however, enabling children to develop skills of communication, team-work, resilience and concentration. As a result, they develop the confidence to take part in different physical activities and learn about the value of healthy, active lifestyles.</p>
<p>What will children learn to do in this subject?</p>	<p>At Brackenwood Junior School, children will:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Develop competence to excel in a broad range of physical activities. • Participate in physically activity for sustained periods of time. • Engage in competitive sports and activities. • Lead healthy, active lives. • Use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination. • Play competitive games and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending. • Develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance. • Perform dances using a range of movement patterns. • Take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team. • Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement.
<p>How will we inspire them?</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Setting ambitious goals for individuals, groups and classes. • Providing opportunity to participate in competitive sports. • Encouraging a healthy and active lifestyle. • Nurturing sportsmanship in all aspects of competition. • Creating a passion for active recreation and sport. • Assisting the children in reaching their physical potential.

Skills Progression Map

Develop practical skills in order to participate, compete and lead a healthy lifestyle
Learning a range of physical movements and sporting techniques.

YEAR 3 AND 4

YEAR 5 AND 6

GAMES

- Throw and catch with control and accuracy.
- Strike a ball and field with control.
- Choose appropriate tactics to cause problems for the opposition.
- Follow the rules of the game and play fairly.
- Maintain possession of a ball (with, e.g. feet, a hockey stick or hands).
- Pass to team mates at appropriate times.
- Lead others and act as a respectful team member.

- Choose and combine techniques in game situations (running, throwing, catching, passing, jumping and kicking, etc.).
- Work alone, or with team mates in order to gain points or possession.
- Strike a bowled or volleyed ball with accuracy.
- Use forehand and backhand when playing racket games.
- Field, defend and attack tactically by anticipating the direction of play.
- Choose the most appropriate tactics for a game.
- Uphold the spirit of fair play and respect in all competitive situations.
- Lead others when called upon and act as a good role model within a team.

DANCE

- Plan, perform and repeat sequences.
- Move in a clear, fluent and expressive manner.
- Refine movements into sequences.
- Create dances and movements that convey a definite idea.
- Change speed and levels within a performance.
- Develop physical strength and suppleness by practising moves and stretching.

- Compose creative and imaginative dance sequences.
- Perform expressively and hold a precise and strong body posture.
- Perform and create complex sequences.
- Express an idea in original and imaginative ways.
- Plan to perform with high energy, slow grace or other themes and maintain this throughout a piece.
- Perform complex moves that combine strength and stamina gained through gymnastics activities (such as cartwheels or handstands).

GYMNASTICS

- Plan, perform and repeat sequences.
- Move in a clear, fluent and expressive manner.
- Refine movements into sequences.
- Show changes of direction, speed and level during a performance.
- Travel in a variety of ways, including flight, by transferring weight to generate power in movements.
- Show a kinesthetic sense in order to improve the placement and alignment of body parts (e.g. in balances experiment to find out how to get the centre of gravity successfully over base and organise body parts to create an interesting body shape).
- Swing and hang from equipment safely (using hands).

- Create complex and well-executed sequences that include a full range of movements.
- Hold shapes that are strong, fluent and expressive.
- Include in a sequence set pieces, choosing the most appropriate linking elements.
- Vary speed, direction, level and body rotation during floor performances.
- Practise and refine the gymnastic techniques used in performances (listed above).
- Demonstrate good kinesthetic awareness (placement and alignment of body parts is usually good in well-rehearsed actions).
- Use equipment to vault and to swing (remaining upright)

SWIMMING

- Swim between 25 and 50 metres unaided.
- Use more than one stroke and coordinate breathing as appropriate for the stroke being used.
- Coordinate leg and arm movements.
- Swim at the surface and below the water.

- Swim over 100 metres unaided.
- Use breast stroke, front crawl and back stroke, ensuring that breathing is correct so as not to interrupt the pattern of swimming.
- Swim fluently with controlled strokes.
- Turn efficiently at the end of a length.

ATHLETICS

- Sprint over a short distance up to 60 metres.
- Run over a longer distance, conserving energy in order to sustain performance.
- Use a range of throwing techniques (such as under arm, over arm).
- Throw with accuracy to hit a target or cover a distance.
- Jump in a number of ways, using a run up where appropriate.
- Compete with others and aim to improve personal best performances.

- Combine sprinting with low hurdles over 60 metres.
- Choose the best place for running over a variety of distances.
- Throw accurately and refine performance by analysing technique and body shape.
- Show control in take off and landings when jumping.
- Compete with others and keep track of personal best performances, setting targets for improvement.

OUTDOOR

- Arrive properly equipped for outdoor and adventurous activity.
- Understand the need to show accomplishment in managing risks.
- Show an ability to both lead and form part of a team.
- Support others and seek support if required when the situation dictates.
- Show resilience when plans do not work and initiative to try new ways of working.
- Use maps, compasses and digital devices to orientate themselves.
- Remain aware of changing conditions and change plans if necessary.

- Select appropriate equipment for outdoor and adventurous activity.
- Identify possible risks and ways to manage them, asking for and listening carefully to expert advice.
- Embrace both leadership and team roles and gain the commitment and respect of a team.
- Empathise with others and offer support without being asked. Seek support from the team and the experts if in any doubt.
- Remain positive even in the most challenging circumstances, rallying others if need be.
- Use a range of devices in order to orientate themselves.

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| | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Quickly assess changing conditions and adapt plans to ensure safety comes first. |
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How will this help prepare our children for secondary school?

National Curriculum Programmes of Study

Purpose of study

A high-quality physical education curriculum inspires all pupils to succeed and excel in competitive sport and other physically-demanding activities. It should provide opportunities for pupils to become physically confident in a way which supports their health and fitness. Opportunities to compete in sport and other activities build character and help to embed values such as fairness and respect.

Aims

The national curriculum for physical education aims to ensure that all pupils:

- develop competence to excel in a broad range of physical activities
- are physically active for sustained periods of time
- engage in competitive sports and activities
- lead healthy, active lives.

Attainment targets

By the end of each key stage, pupils are expected to know, apply and understand the matters, skills and processes specified in the relevant programme of study.

Schools are not required by law to teach the example content in [square brackets].

Subject content

Key stage 1

Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and co-operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations.

Pupils should be taught to:

- master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities
- participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending
- perform dances using simple movement patterns.

Key stage 2

Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success.

Pupils should be taught to:

- use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination
- play competitive games, modified where appropriate [for example, badminton, basketball, cricket, football, hockey, netball, rounders and tennis], and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending
- develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics]
- perform dances using a range of movement patterns
- take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team
- compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.

Swimming and water safety

All schools must provide swimming instruction either in key stage 1 or key stage 2.

In particular, pupils should be taught to:

- swim competently, confidently and proficiently over a distance of at least 25 metres
- use a range of strokes effectively [for example, front crawl, backstroke and breaststroke]
- perform safe self-rescue in different water-based situations.