## Scientific Enquiries











WHO?

Isaac Newton





Year 3 Forces

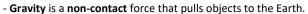
Physics



Vocabulary			
force	A push or a pull, contact or non-contact.	water resistance	The friction between water and another object.
gravity	An invisible force that pulls objects towards the centre of the earth.	pulley	A machine made by looping rope over one or more wheels.
friction	The force between two objects moving against each other.	lever	A machine made with a fulcrum to lift weights.
air resistance	A type of friction between air and another object.	gears	Wheels with teeth that slot together — when one turns, the other will also turn.

## WHAT?





- The bigger the object, the larger its **gravitational force**.
- The Sun's gravity keeps the planets turning around it.
- A Newton meter is used to measure weight.





- **Friction** is a resistance force between two objects that move across each other.
- It is a contact force.
- Car tyres use friction to help grip onto the road. In icy conditions, this can be trickier because the ground is smoother.
- Friction can cause heat.





- The **mass** of an object does not affect how quickly it falls to the ground.
- Air resistance affects how quickly an object will fall to the ground from a height.
- Friction between the air and an object slows it down.
- The larger the surface area, the more air resistance is created.





- A **lever** is a rigid bar that **rotates** around a particular point. It makes it easier to lift a **heavy load**.
- The place where the lever rotates is called the **fulcrum**.
- Pulleys are a wheel on a fixed axle, with a groove along the edges to guide a rope or cable. They help to lift a heavy load by pulling.





- Water resistance is the friction force between water and an object.
- It prevents objects from moving easily through water.
- Water resistance is **stronger** than air resistance.
- Anything that needs to move through water easily needs to be **streamlined** e.g. dolphins have smooth, tapering bodies.





- **Gears** are **toothed wheels** that are connected with a chain. When one wheel turns, it forces the other to turn too.
- When two gears grind together, they **rotate** in **opposite** directions.
- Gears can do 3 things: change the **direction of motion**, change the **speed of motion**, or change the **amount of force**.

## Helpful links



Learn more about Isaac Newton



What is physics?





What are air resistance, water resistance and friction?



Can you beat the world's strongest man using pulleys?

